FINAL JEE–MAIN EXAMINATION – SEPTEMBER, 2020

(Held On Friday 04th SEPTEMBER, 2020) TIME : 9 AM to 12 PM

PHYSICS

TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER

1. A beam of plane polarised light of large cross sectional area and uniform intensity of 3.3 Wm^{-2} falls normally on a polariser (cross sectional area 3×10^{-4} m^2) which rotates about its axis with an angular speed of 31.4 rad/s. The energy of light passing through the polariser per revolution, is close to :

(1) 1.0×10^{-5} J (2) 5.0×10^{-4} J

(3) 1.0×10^{-4} J (4) 1.5×10^{-4} J

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

2. Match the C_P/C_V ratio for ideal gases with different type of molecules :

Molecular type	**C_P/C_V**
(A) Monoatomic	(I) 7/5
(B) Diatomic rigid molecules	(II) 9/7
(C) Diatomic non-rigid molecules	(III) 4/3
(D) Triatomic rigid molecules	(IV) 5/3

(1) A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III

(2) A-IV, B-II, C-I, D-III

(3) A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I

(4) A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

3. Choose the correct option relating wavelengths of differnet parts of electromagnetic wave spectrum :

(1) $\lambda_{\text{x-rays}} < \lambda_{\text{micro waves}} < \lambda_{\text{radio waves}} < \lambda_{\text{visible}}$

(2) $\lambda_{\text{visible}} > \lambda_{\text{x-rays}} > \lambda_{\text{radio waves}} > \lambda_{\text{micro waves}}$

(3) $\lambda_{\text{radio waves}} > \lambda_{\text{micro waves}} > \lambda_{\text{visible}} > \lambda_{\text{x-rays}}$

(4) $\lambda_{\text{visible}} < \lambda_{\text{micro waves}} < \lambda_{\text{radio waves}} < \lambda_{\text{x-rays}}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

4. A air bubble of radius 1 cm in water has an upward acceleration 9.8 cm s^{-2}. The density of water is 1 gm cm^{-3} and water offers negligible drag force on the bubble. The mass of the bubble is ($g = 980$ cm/s^2)

(1) 3.15 gm (2) 4.51 gm

(3) 4.15 gm (4) 1.52 gm

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

5. Dimensional formula for thermal conductivity is (here K denotes the temperature)

(1) $MLT^{-3}K$ (2) $MLT^{-2}K$

(3) $MLT^{-2}K^{-2}$ (4) $MLT^{-3}K^{-1}$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

6. On the x-axis and a dsitance x from the origin, the gravitational field due to a mass distribution is given by $\frac{Ax}{(x^2+a^2)^{3/2}}$ in the x-direction. The magnitude of gravitational potential on the x-axis at a distance x, taking its value to be zero at infinity, is :

(1) $\frac{A}{(x^2+a^2)^{1/2}}$ (2) $\frac{A}{(x^2+a^2)^{3/2}}$

(3) $A(x^2 + a^2)^{3/2}$ (4) $A(x^2 + a^2)^{1/2}$

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

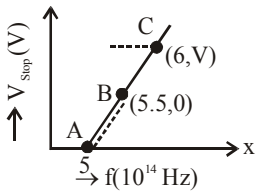
7. Starting from the origin at time t = 0, with initial velocity $5\hat{j}\ ms^{-1}$, a particle moves in the x-y plane with a constant acceleration of $(10\hat{i}+4\hat{j})ms^{-2}$. At time t, its coordinates are (20 m, y_0 m). The values of t and y_0, are respectively :

(1) 4s and 52 m (2) 2s and 24 m

(3) 2s and 18 m (4) 5s and 25 m

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

8. Given figure shows few data points in a photo electric effect experiment for a certain metal. The minimum energy for ejection of electron from its surffface is : (Plancks constant $h = 6.62 \times 10^{-34}$ J.s)

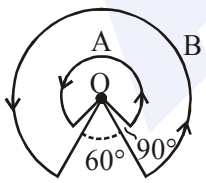


(1) 2.27 eV (2) 2.59 eV

(3) 1.93 eV (4) 2.10 eV

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

9. A wire A, bent in the shape of an arc of a circle, carrying a current of 2A and having radius 2 cm and another wire B, also bent in the shape of arc of a circle, carrying a current of 3A and having radius of 4 cm, are placed as shown in the figure. The ratio of the magnetic fields due to the wires A and B at the common centre O is :



(1) 4 : 6 (2) 6 : 4

(3) 6 :5 (4) 2 : 5

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

10. For a transverse wave travelling along a straight line, the distance between two peaks (crests) is 5 m, while the distance between one crest and one trough is 1.5 m. The possible wavelengths (in m) of the waves are :

(1) 1, 2, 3, ... (2) $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{6}, \cdots$

(3) 1, 3, 5, ... (4) $\frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{5}, \cdots$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

11. A small bar magnet placed with its axis at 30° with an external field of 0.06 T experiences a torque of 0.018 Nm. The minimum work required to rotate it from its stable to unstable equilibrium position is :

(1) 9.2×10^{-3} J (2) 6.4×10^{-2} J

(3) 11.7×10^{-3} J (4) 7.2×10^{-2} J

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

12. Particle A of mass $m_A = \frac{m}{2}$ moving along the x-axis with velocity v_0 collides elastically with another particle B at rest having mass $m_B = \frac{m}{3}$.

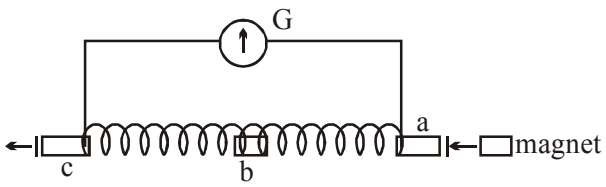
If both particles move along the x-axis after the collision, the change $\Delta\lambda$ in de-Broglie wavelength of particle A, in terms of its de-Broglie wavelength (λ_0) before collision is :

(1) $\Delta\lambda = 4\lambda_0$ (2) $\Delta\lambda = \frac{5}{2}\lambda_0$

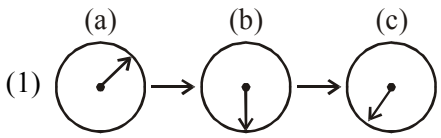
(3) $\Delta\lambda = 2\lambda_0$ (4) $\Delta\lambda = \frac{3}{2}\lambda_0$

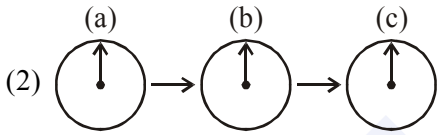
Official Ans. by NTA (1)

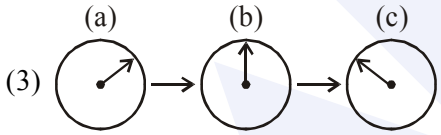
13. A small bar magnet is moved through a coil at constant speed from one end to the other. Which of the following series of observations wil be seen on the galvanometer G attached across the coil ?

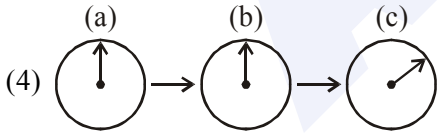


Three positions shown describe : (a) the magnet's entry (b) magnet is completely inside and (c) magnet's exit.

(1) 

(2) 

(3) 

(4) 

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

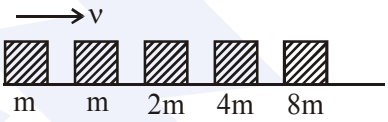
14. A battery of 3.0 V is connected to a resistor dissipating 0.5 W of power. If the terminal voltage of the battery is 2.5 V, the power dissipated within the internal resistance is :

(1) 0.50 W (2) 0.125 W

(3) 0.072 W (4) 0.10 W

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

15. Blocks of masses m, 2m, 4m and 8m are arranged in a line on a frictionless floor. Another block of mass m, moving with speed v along the same line (see figure) collides with mass m in perfectly inelastic manner. All the subsequent collisions are also perfectly inelastic. By the time the last block of mass 8m starts moving the total energy loss is p% of the original energy. Value of 'p' is close to :



(1) 77 (2) 37

(3) 87 (4) 94

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

16. The specific heat of water = 4200 J kg^{-1} K^{-1} and the latent heat of ice = 3.4×10^5 J kg^{-1}. 100 grams of ice at 0°C is placed in 200 g of water at 25°C. The amount of ice that will melt as the temperature of water reaches 0°C is close to (in grams) :

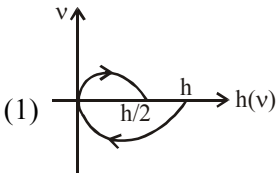
(1) 61.7 (2) 63.8

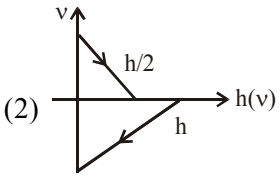
(3) 69.3 (4) 64.6

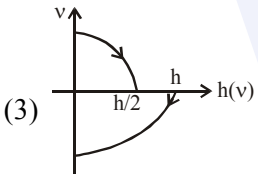
Official Ans. by NTA (1)

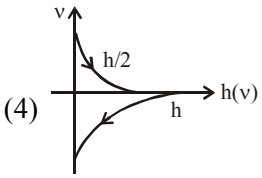
17. A Tennis ball is released from a height h and after freely falling on a wooden floor it rebounds and reaches height $\frac{h}{2}$. The velocity versus height of the ball during its motion may be represented graphically by :

(graph are drawn schematically and on not to scale)

(1) 

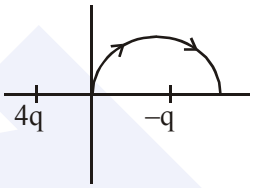
(2) 

(3) 

(4) 

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

18. A two point charges 4q and –q are fixed on the x-axis at $x = -\frac{d}{2}$ and $x = \frac{d}{2}$, respectively. If a third point charge 'q' is taken from the origin to x = d along the semicircle as shown in the figure, the energy of the charge will :



(1) increase by $\frac{2q^2}{3\pi\varepsilon_0 d}$

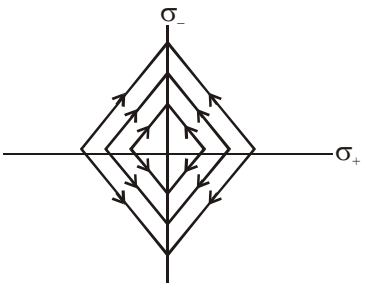
(2) increase by $\frac{3q^2}{4\pi\varepsilon_0 d}$

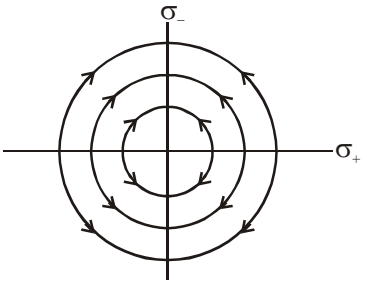
(3) decrease by $\frac{4q^2}{3\pi\varepsilon_0 d}$

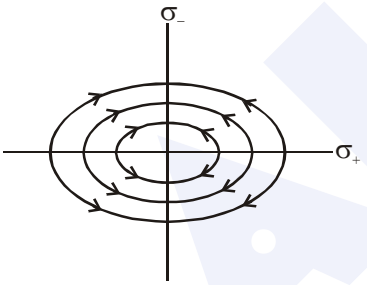
(4) decrease by $\frac{q^2}{4\pi\varepsilon_0 d}$

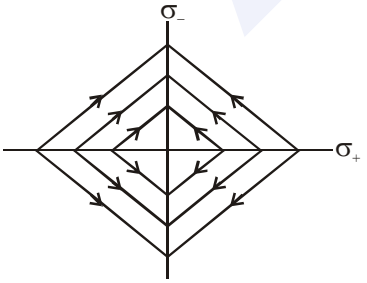
Official Ans. by NTA (3)

19. Two charged thin infinite plane sheets of uniform surface charge density σ_+ and σ_- where $|\sigma_+| > |\sigma_-|$ intersect at right angle. Which of the following best represents the electric field lines for this system :

(1) 

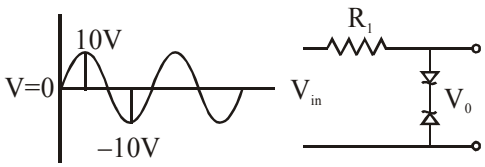
(2) 

(3) 

(4) 

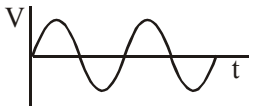
Official Ans. by NTA (1)

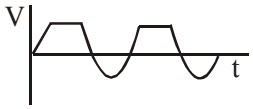
20. Take the breakdown voltage of the zener diode used in the given circuit as 6V. For the input voltage shown in figure below, the time variation of the output voltage is : (Graphs drawn are schematic and not to scale)



(1) 

(2) 

(3) 

(4) 

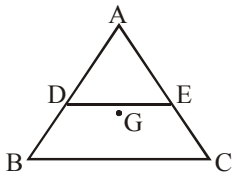
Official Ans. by NTA (2)

21. In a compound microscope, the magnified virtual image is formed at a distance of 25 cm from the eye-piece. The focal length of its objective lens is 1 cm. If the magnification is 100 and the tube length of the microscope is 20 cm, then the focal length of the eye-piece lens (in cm) is _____.

Official Ans. by NTA (5)

Official Ans. by ALLEN (4.48)

22. ABC is a plane lamina of the shape of an equilateral triagnle. D, E are mid points of AB, AC and G is the centroid of the lamina. Moment of inertia of the lamina about an axis passing through G and perpendicular to the plane ABC is I_0. If part ADE is removed, the moment of inertia of the remaining part about the same axis is $\frac{NI_0}{16}$ where N is an integer. Value of N is _____.



Official Ans. by NTA (11)

23. A circular disc of mass M and radius R is rotating about its axis with angular speed ω_1. If another stationary disc having radius $\frac{R}{2}$ and same mass M is dropped co-axially on to the rotating disc. Gradually both discs attain constant angular speed ω_2. The energy lost in the process is p% of the initial energy. Value of p is _____.

Official Ans. by NTA (20)

24. A closed vessel contains 0.1 mole of a monoatomic ideal gas at 200 K. If 0.05 mole of the same gas at 400 K is added to it, the final equilibrium temperature (in K) of the gas in the vessel will be closed to _____.

Official Ans. by NTA (266)
Official Ans. by ALLEN (266.67)

25. In the line spectra of hydrogen atom, difference between the largest and the shortest wavelengths of the Lyman series is 304 Å. The corresponding difference for the Paschan series in Å is : _____.

Official Ans. by NTA (10553)
Official Ans. by ALLEN (10553.14)