

FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION – SEPTEMBER, 2020

(Held On Sunday 06th SEPTEMBER, 2020) TIME : 9 AM to 12 PM

PHYSICS

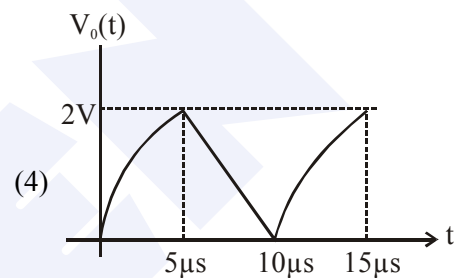
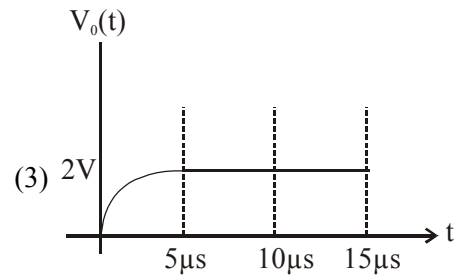
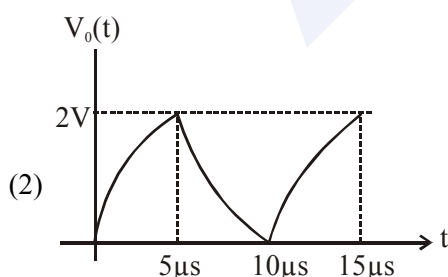
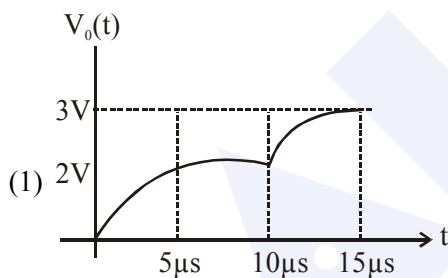
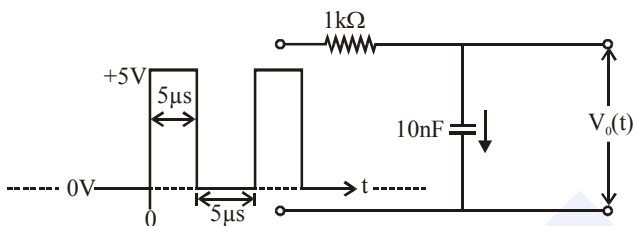
TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER

1. A satellite is in an elliptical orbit around a planet P. It is observed that the velocity of the satellite when it is farthest from the planet is 6 times less than that when it is closest to the planet. The ratio of distances between the satellite and the planet at closest and farthest points is :

- (1) 1 : 6 (2) 3 : 4
(3) 1 : 3 (4) 1 : 2

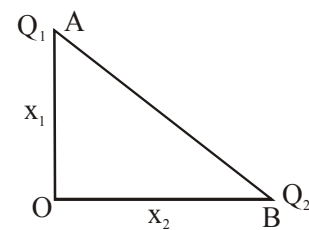
Official Ans. by NTA (1)

2. For the given input voltage waveform $V_{in}(t)$, the output voltage waveform $V_D(t)$, across the capacitor is correctly depicted by:



Official Ans. by NTA (1)

3. Charges Q_1 and Q_2 are at points A and B of a right angle triangle OAB (see figure). The resultant electric field at point O is perpendicular to the hypotenuse, then Q_1/Q_2 is proportional to :



- (1) $\frac{x_2^2}{x_1^2}$ (2) $\frac{x_1^3}{x_2^3}$
(3) $\frac{x_1}{x_2}$ (4) $\frac{x_2}{x_1}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

4. A screw gauge has 50 divisions on its circular scale. The circular scale is 4 units ahead of the pitch scale marking, prior to use. Upon one complete rotation of the circular scale, a displacement of 0.5 mm is noticed on the pitch scale. The nature of zero error involved, and the least count of the screw gauge, are respectively :

- (1) Negative, 2 μm
- (2) Positive, 10 μm
- (3) Positive, 0.1 μm
- (4) Positive, 0.1 mm

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

5. An object of mass m is suspended at the end of a massless wire of length L and area of cross-section, A . Young modulus of the material of the wire is Y . If the mass is pulled down slightly its frequency of oscillation along the vertical direction is:

- (1) $f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{YA}{mL}}$
- (2) $f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{YL}{mA}}$
- (3) $f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{mA}{YL}}$
- (4) $f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{mL}{YA}}$

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

6. A particle of charge q and mass m is moving with a velocity $-v\hat{i}$ ($v \neq 0$) towards a large screen placed in the $Y-Z$ plane at a distance d . If there is a magnetic field $\vec{B} = B_0\hat{k}$, the minimum value of v for which the particle will not hit the screen is:

- (1) $\frac{qdB_0}{2m}$
- (2) $\frac{qdB_0}{m}$
- (3) $\frac{2qdB_0}{m}$
- (4) $\frac{qdB_0}{3m}$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

7. An insect is at the bottom of a hemispherical ditch of radius 1 m. It crawls up the ditch but starts slipping after it is at height h from the bottom. If the coefficient of friction between the ground and the insect is 0.75, then h is :

- ($g = 10\text{ms}^{-2}$)
- (1) 0.80 m
 - (2) 0.60 m
 - (3) 0.45 m
 - (4) 0.20 m

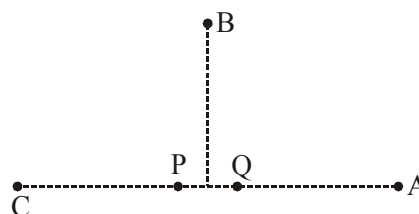
Official Ans. by NTA (4)

8. A clock has a continuously moving second's hand of 0.1 m length. The average acceleration of the tip of the hand (in units of ms^{-2}) is of the order of:

- (1) 10^{-3}
- (2) 10^{-2}
- (3) 10^{-4}
- (4) 10^{-1}

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

9. In the figure below, P and Q are two equally intense coherent sources emitting radiation of wavelength 20 m. The separation between P and Q is 5 m and the phase of P is ahead of that of Q by 90° . A, B and C are three distinct points of observation, each equidistant from the midpoint of PQ. The intensities of radiation at A, B, C will be in the ratio:



- (1) 0 : 1 : 2
- (2) 4 : 1 : 0
- (3) 0 : 1 : 4
- (4) 2 : 1 : 0

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

10. An electron, a doubly ionized helium ion (He^{++}) and a proton are having the same kinetic energy. The relation between their respective de-Broglie wavelengths λ_e , $\lambda_{\text{He}^{++}}$ and λ_p is:

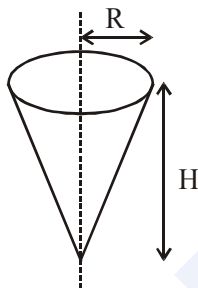
- (1) $\lambda_e < \lambda_p < \lambda_{\text{He}^{++}}$
- (2) $\lambda_e < \lambda_{\text{He}^{++}} = \lambda_p$
- (3) $\lambda_e > \lambda_{\text{He}^{++}} > \lambda_p$
- (4) $\lambda_e > \lambda_p > \lambda_{\text{He}^{++}}$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

11. An electron is moving along + x direction with a velocity of $6 \times 10^6 \text{ ms}^{-1}$. It enters a region of uniform electric field of 300 V/cm pointing along + y direction. The magnitude and direction of the magnetic field set up in this region such that the electron keeps moving along the x direction will be:
- (1) $5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ T}$, along +z direction
 - (2) $3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$, along -z direction
 - (3) $3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$, along +z direction
 - (4) $5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ T}$, along -z direction

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

12. Shown in the figure is a hollow icecream cone (it is open at the top). If its mass is M, radius of its top, R and height, H, then its moment of inertia about its axis is:



- (1) $\frac{MR^2}{2}$
- (2) $\frac{MH^2}{3}$
- (3) $\frac{MR^2}{3}$
- (4) $\frac{M(R^2 + H^2)}{4}$

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

13. An AC circuit has $R = 100 \Omega$, $C = 2 \mu\text{F}$ and $L = 80 \text{ mH}$, connected in series. The quality factor of the circuit is :
- (1) 0.5
 - (2) 2
 - (3) 20
 - (4) 400

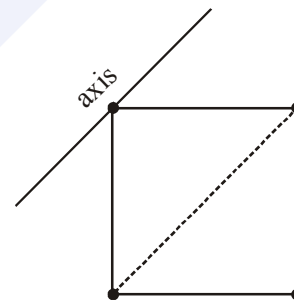
Official Ans. by NTA (2)

14. If the potential energy between two molecules is given by $U = \frac{A}{r^6} + \frac{B}{r^{12}}$, then at equilibrium, separation between molecules, and the potential energy are :

- (1) $\left(\frac{B}{A}\right)^{\frac{1}{6}}, 0$
- (2) $\left(\frac{B}{2A}\right)^{\frac{1}{6}}, -\frac{A^2}{2B}$
- (3) $\left(\frac{2B}{A}\right)^{\frac{1}{6}}, -\frac{A^2}{4B}$
- (4) $\left(\frac{2B}{A}\right)^{\frac{1}{6}}, -\frac{A^2}{2B}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

15. Four point masses, each of mass m, are fixed at the corners of a square of side ℓ . The square is rotating with angular frequency ω , about an axis passing through one of the corners of the square and parallel to its diagonal, as shown in the figure. The angular momentum of the square about this axis is:



- (1) $2m\ell^2\omega$
- (2) $3m\ell^2\omega$
- (3) $m\ell^2\omega$
- (4) $4m\ell^2\omega$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

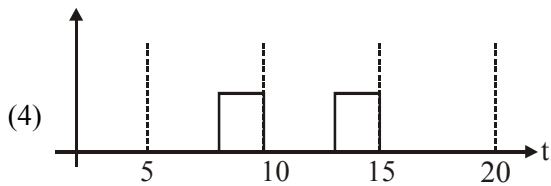
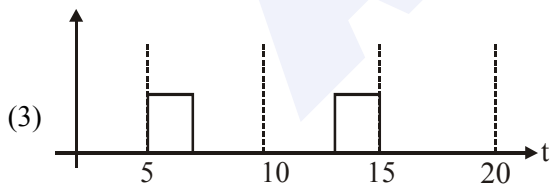
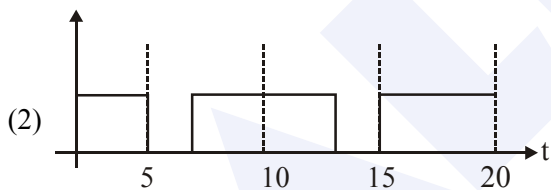
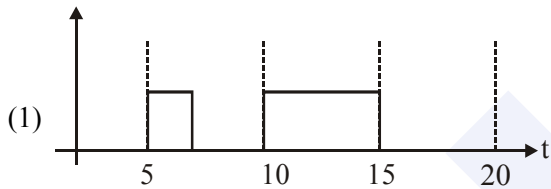
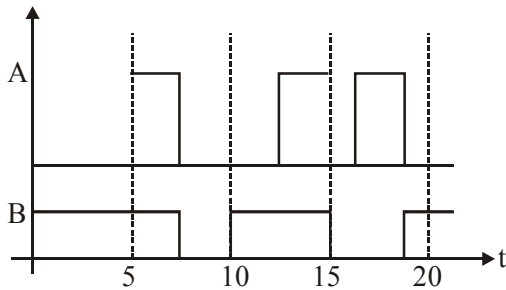
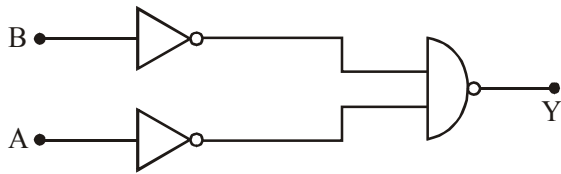
16. You are given that Mass of ${}^7_3\text{Li} = 7.0160 \text{ u}$,
Mass of ${}^4_2\text{He} = 4.0026 \text{ u}$
and Mass of ${}^1_1\text{H} = 1.0079 \text{ u}$.

When 20 g of ${}^7_3\text{Li}$ is converted into ${}^4_2\text{He}$ by proton capture, the energy liberated, (in kWh), is: [Mass of nucleon = 1 GeV/c²]

- (1) 8×10^6
- (2) 1.33×10^6
- (3) 6.82×10^5
- (4) 4.5×10^5

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

17. Identify the correct output signal Y in the given combination of gates (as shown) for the given inputs A and B.



Official Ans. by NTA (3)

Official Ans. by ALLEN

(None (Approx Answer can be 2))

18. Molecules of an ideal gas are known to have three translational degrees of freedom and two rotational degrees of freedom. The gas is maintained at a temperature of T. The total internal energy, U of a mole of this gas, and

the value of $\gamma \left(= \frac{C_p}{C_v} \right)$ given, respectively, by:

(1) $U = \frac{5}{2}RT$ and $\gamma = \frac{6}{5}$

(2) $U = 5RT$ and $\gamma = \frac{7}{5}$

(3) $U = 5RT$ and $\gamma = \frac{6}{5}$

(4) $U = \frac{5}{2}RT$ and $\gamma = \frac{7}{5}$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

19. A point like object is placed at a distance of 1m in front of a convex lens of focal length 0.5 m. A plane mirror is placed at a distance of 2 m behind the lens. The position and nature of the final image formed by the system is :

(1) 1 m from the mirror, virtual

(2) 1 m from the mirror, real

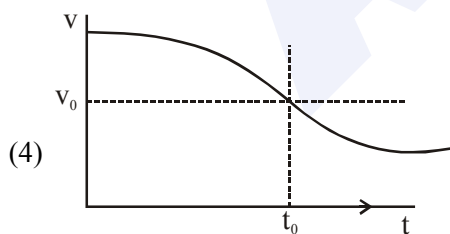
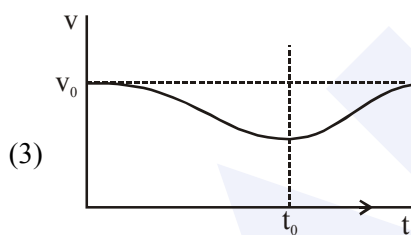
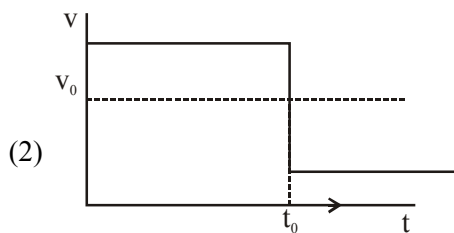
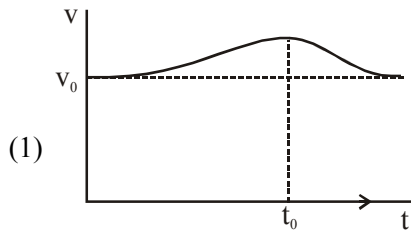
(3) 2.6 m from the mirror, real

(4) 2.6 m from the mirror, virtual

Official Ans. by NTA (1, 4)

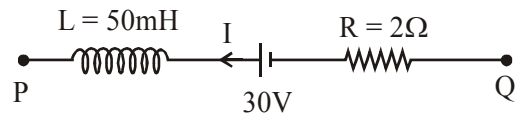
Official Ans. by ALLEN (3)

20. A sound source S is moving along a straight track with speed v , and is emitting sound of frequency ν_0 (see figure). An observer is standing at a finite distance, at the point O, from the track. The time variation of frequency heard by the observer is best represented by : (t_0 represents the instant when the distance between the source and observer is minimum)



Official Ans. by NTA (4)

21. A part of a complete circuit is shown in the figure. At some instant, the value of current I is 1 A and it is decreasing at a rate of 10^2 A s^{-1} . The value of the potential difference $V_P - V_Q$ (in volts) at that instant, is.



Official Ans. by NTA (33.00)

22. Two bodies of the same mass are moving with the same speed, but in different directions in a plane. They have a completely inelastic collision and move together thereafter with a final speed which is half of their initial speed. The angle between the initial velocities of the two bodies (in degree) is.

Official Ans. by NTA (120.00)

23. Suppose that intensity of a laser is

$$\left(\frac{315}{\pi}\right) \text{ W/m}^2$$

The rms electric field, in units of V/m associated with this source is close to the nearest integer is

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.86 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ Nm}^{-2}; c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1})$$

Official Ans. by NTA (275.00)

Official Ans. by ALLEN (194.00)

24. The density of a solid metal sphere is determined by measuring its mass and its diameter. The maximum error in the density

of the sphere is $\left(\frac{x}{100}\right)\%$. If the relative errors

in measuring the mass and the diameter are 6.0% and 1.5% respectively, the value of x is .

Official Ans. by NTA (1050.00)

25. Initially a gas of diatomic molecules is contained in a cylinder of volume V_1 at a pressure P_1 and temperature 250 K. Assuming that 25% of the molecules get dissociated causing a change in number of moles. The pressure of the resulting gas at temperature 2000 K, when contained in a volume $2V_1$ is given by P_2 . The ratio P_2/P_1 is.

Official Ans. by NTA (5.00)